DAILY NATIONAL WHIG SATURDAY EVENING, AUGUST 7, 1847.

FOR PRESIDENT. ZACHARY TAYLOR OF LOUISIANA,
Subject to the decision of the Whig National

WHIG NOMINATION FOR GOVERNOR OF MARYLAND, WILLIAM T. GOLDSBOROUGH

> TELEGRAPHIC DESPATCH NO. 1. **Втонмомо**, Aug. 7., 5 min. p. 10 a. m.

Gen. Scott within Eight Leagues of the City ico on the 22nd of July!! No battle!!! The New Orleans Bee of the 31st ult., is at hand. It has letters from Gen. Scott's column. The General marched from Puebla on the 15th of July. On the 22nd of July, he was within eight leagues of the City of Mexico, with his whole force, and no battle, up to that time, had been fought. He encountered a heavy

rain on that day. DESPATCH NO. 2. RICHMOND, August 7, 10 m. past 10, a. m. NORTH CAROLINA ELECTION. Halifax-Daniel d. 149 maj. Nash-Arrington d, 428 " Edgecomb-Daniel d, 150 " Northampton-Biggs d, 75 " It is conceded that Meade has defeated Bo

WESTERN ELECTIONS. STUCKY.—There is no doubt that Col. Gai elected from the Maysville district. In the ry district, Cox w. is elected by 259 majority.and to. has carried the Lexington district Louisville did not do well on the 1st day, but Dun can will be elected nevertheless. INDIANA .- The Whigs have carried Floyd Cour

ling in the Petersburg District of this State.

ernor of Maryland, has written a letter toMr. Goldshorough, the Whig candidate for the same office. ng him to make a tour of the State in compan with Mr. T. and to discuss public questions on the stump. Mr. G. very politely declines the invitation. and tells Mr. T. that he believes the people of Maryland need no such mode of enlightening them, and that they are capable enough of deciding for whom

Doe of ALCIBIADES .- We commence, to day, the publication of a most thrilling story, der this name. It must be read throughout, before it can be understood. It is from the last

LATER FROM THE RIO GRANDE. We have dates from Matamoras to the 21st ultimo. The enemy had made an attack upon a train near Marin, and succeeded in cutting off some \$30,000 worth of goods going to Monterey. Gen. Taylor's column was rapidly filling up by the movement of troops to Mier, to prepare themselves in the Camp of Instruction for

A grand row took place in Lafayette, one of the suburbs of New Orleans, on the 28th ult., between the inhabitants thereof and a company of volunteers. Two of the soldiers were

Mr. Polk's Mexican tariff has brought seven ty thousand dollars into his strong box, since the first of May.

MORE MOCKERY OF FAMINE.—The Macedonian, with its cargo of charity, arrived safely at Cork, and was hailed with delight. But ic non what a bitter mockery of the misery and famine in Cork and its neighborhood were the rich Corkonians and Commodure De Kay guilty of, on the occasion! They feasted him, and he went to their feasts-in the midst of starving, suffering thousands!! Feasting and carousing in the chambers of death, would not be more

Proofs thickening .- The Norristown Herald gives the following extract from a letter written by a Locofoco now in the army:

"You also request to know whether General Taylor is a Whig or Democrat, because both parties now claim him. HE IS A WHIG. I heard him say so with my own ears to an officer of the army. I suppose you would like to know what I am. I am a loco to the back bone, but if Old Zich runs, I will have to give him a hard push, no matter who runs against him, for I think he is more fit for the White House than the against tim, for I think he is more ht for the White House than the one who now occupies it. Gen. Wool is also a Whig—so are all the officers of the staff, at least all who occupy any prominent position.

"WM. P. HEPLER."

Taylor Meeting in Harrisburg.—At a meeting of the "Taylor Central Corresponding Committee," held at Harrisburg on Saturday last, Col. Seth Salisbury was unanimously chosen Chairman of the Committee, and Richard Vaux and Henry C. Overton, Esqrs., Secretaries.— The Hon. Ellis Lewis offered the following on, which was unanimously adopted

d. That is be recommend to th September next, the anniversary of the victory of Monterey, to adopt such measures as may be deemed proper to promote the election of Gen. Zachary Taylor to the Presidency of the United States.

dates as the Harrisburg Argus would make it appear, as they are compelled to fall upon a veteran soldier, who to use his own expression is "a whole Whig and a quarter over!" This game of Locofocoism is "very glass—the sun shines through it."—Phil. N. American.

is down upon Gen. Taylor for during to reply to La. Hunter on the 4th of July at Monter old song of the Pretorian Guards making an Empe ror is sung with new embellishments. Go should open the viale of your wrath. The Whige will make him President while you abuse

THere who abducted Mary Fox from her par

Said a fly, when he fell into the milk," Why am I

YESTERDAY'S MEXICAN NEWS ing's mail, but the Ch

The advices from Vera Cruz are to the 23d of In ly. The Vera Cruz Sun of that date says that no authentic intelligence had been received from Gen.

On the other hand the Vera Cruz cor of the New Orleans Times says positively that I would commence his march upon the capital on the 15th of July, and that Santa Ana had a force of 22,000 men ready to appose his advance.

sication between General Scott and Cruz. The 'Union' of last evening says that the ent received no despatches by vesterday'

peace is made up of speculations taken from the Vers Cruz Sun, a Spanish paper, interested in leading the

American public mind astray.

Gen. Pierce left Vera Cruz with 3000 r 150 wagons. He met the Guerrillists beyond Sant Fe and after a four hours' skirmi-h drove them from the field, with great loss on their side. village was burned by order of the General and it was Vera Cruz would share the same fate.

Col. De Russy only lost ten men in his with the 1400 Mexicans. His 6-pounder was all that saved him.

Eight hundred troops arrived at Vera Cruz or 23d ultimo. The town had been under considerable alarm from an attack of the guerrilists after Genera Pierce marched, but the continued arrival of freal roops had put away all fears.

Com. Perry had gone to Tobasco to evac

The Picayune of the 30th ult. has a lette the City of Mexico dated the 10th of July in which the writer scouts the idea of peace, but says nothin whatever about Commissioners having been appoint. He says also that the Government of Mex does not even dream of peace.

and stirring intelligence from Mexico. See tele graphic news.

A Historical Reminiscence for Mr. Bucha Mr. Buchanan in his despatch to Mexico scouts th ides of the Mexican demand that we should evacu-ate her territory, &c. before she will hear of peace and gravely asserts that the like of such a der was never heard of in history. Here is a fact which we call his attention to. From the Albany Evening Journal

From the Albany Evening Journal.

Withdrawal of Works.—"In the time of the war of the American Revolution, 1778, after our alliance with France, commissioners were sent to America, with Jan earnest desire of the British Government to restore the connection and make a peace with the United States. The proposed terms were to Gen. Washington, and by him to Congress. That body, after due deliberation, resolved unanimously. That these United States cannot, with any propriety, hold any conference or treaty with any commissioners on the part of Great Britain, unless they shall, as a preliminary thereto, either withdraw their fleets and armies, or eise in positive and express terms acknowledge the independence of the said States."

Professor Morse bought 100 serce of the fine of J. B. Montgomery, near Poughkeepsie. The price paid was \$17,500. It is beautifully located on the banks of the Hudson.

Moses M. Strong, of Mineral Point, Wisconsin, the man who when a member of the legislative council of that territory, a few years ago, in open sessio ed Arndt, of Green Bay, has received the Democrat nination for delegate to Congress from the

Will Dr. Lofland reproduce in the Blue Hen's Chicken his poem of the Burning of the Lexing-

The Peach crop of Delaware is one third less than that of last year. Hereabouts it is entirely less!

The License Question. The Blue Hen's Chicken calling in vain upon the Delaware High Court to give the public its decision against the consti lity of the law forbidding the traffic in intoxicating liquors. We should like to see its opinion.

The gallant Col. McClung arrived at Columbu Miss., on the 21st ult. His murch through Mississippi was a triumphal one, and deservedly so-

Recruits. The steamer Mary, Captain Crump ilt. with 20 recruits from Vidalia, under comme of Lieut. George W. Cheney, for the 14th Reg. U 8, Infantry. They were landed at Carrolto

Vessel Missing. The schooner Butler, Capta of December last for the mouth of the Rio Grande She has never reached there nor been heard of sine she left that city. No doubt is entertained that sh has been lost at sea and all on board have perished Her crew was composed of G. R. Shoemaker, cap tain; John McKeil, mate; John Hall, Wm. White er, and Stephen H. Mellehel, scamen, and Wn Nicholas, cook. Captain Shoemaker was from Richnond, Va., where he has left a wife and three chil He was a very worthy man and competen

Almonte. The New Orleans Delta fears the this natural son of Morelos—of pure Axtec blood, and once a clerk in a hardware store in the United tates-has been imprisoned because of the discover y of letters received by him from our Gover roposing to him to sell his country for gold. against the policy of our Executive in resorting to the infamous system of bribing the Mexicans into reason against their country must meet the appro-

It turns out that the return of Mr. Wheaton from abroad was not so much 'in accordance with his own inclinations as with those of the Executive.' The ame is no doubt true of the return ofsevery one of aries abroad. It would be strange if were not

Mr. Wheaton's paper upon the Tehuantepec ca nal, written in 1842, has stripped the Vice Presiden of the merit of his recent letter upon the same sub ject. It appears that Mr. Dallas ploughed with Mr. Wheaton's heifer. It is not the first time that M cky mariner ! Because I have found a D. has been caught in this act. He is a system."

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Chicago Convention, held at the Sherman House, in Chicago, July 7th, 1847, on motion of Mr. Allen, of Missouri, Hon. John C. Spencer, of New York, was called to the chair. On motion of Mr. Noble, of Michigan, Thomas Allen, of St. Louis, was chosen Sections.

to act with the greatest efficiency in the dis-charge of their duties, it was proposed that the country should be divided into convenient mittee should be specially assigned to the duty of collecting and preparing the information re quired by the resolution of the Convention in those districts. It was therefore resolved, that the district of Buffalo and Lake Ontario, be assigned to John C. Spencer. The shores of Lake Erie, from Cleveland to Sandusky bay, to J. S. Wetherby, of Cleveland.

The ports of Michigan, to David A. Noble and Joseph R. Williams, of Michigan.

The ports of Michigan, to David A. Noble and Joseph R. Williams, of Michigan.

The ports on the Lake shore of Illinois and Indians, to Jesse B. Thomas, of Chicago.

The Lake ports of the Territory of Wisconsin, to Rufus King, of Milwaukie.

The above persons, respectively, to obtain the information required by the resolution of the Convention, in their respective ports and districts, for that purpose to employ such and so many sub agents as may be necessary; the information to be communicated to the Charman by the first day of January next. That the gentlemen designated for Cleveland, Michigan, Chicago and Milwaukie, be requested to meet at such time and place as shall be agreed on by them, or appointed by Judge Thomas, some time in November next, to compare their meet at such time and place as shall be a meet at such time and place as shall be a meet at such time and place as shall be a meet at such time and place as shall be a shall be

esults and reduce them to form.

That Thomas Allen, of St. Louis, Jas. Hall of Cincinnati, T. J. Bigham, of Pittsburgh James Guthrie, of Louisville, and William B

Chairman, in a form to be presented to Congress by the 1st day of January next.

That Mr. Abbut Lawrence, of Boston, Alexander Duncan, of Rhode Island, John Page, of New Hampshire, Thomas W. Williams, of Connecticut, Samuel R. Ruggles, of New York. Littleton Kirkpatrick, of New Jersey, S. C. Johnson, of Pennsylvania, and Thomas B. King, of Georgia, be a committee for the like purpose, in referring to the rivers and harbors of the Atlantic, and that they also prepare

a separate report in relation thereto.

The Secretary was requested to reduce the proceedings of the Committee to writing, and to transmit a copy thereof to each member.

Attest: THOMAS ALLEN,

MR. McCalla's STATEMENT reiterates, tha the President did repeatedly assure him, that the two Catholic chaplains, Fathers McElroy and Rey, had been appointed as spies and no as chaplains. Now here is a question of ve charge must be met and rebutted by strong stimony; for a Gospel minister's word necessarily protected by the character of his nission, and the public will rely implicitly upon what he says, until it is proved to be

AN ACCOMPLISHED RASCAL.-Averett, the Branch Bank at Lynchburg, Va., was not only guilty of forgery and theft, but the fact is disclosed that he intercepted and opened several lesters addressed to the President of the bank at Lynchburg, which, if they had reach ed their destination, would have led to an earlier detection of guilt. One of these letters was found opened amongst his private papers

A few days ago, three children came nea seing stung to death by a hive of honey bees on the Island. They were in search of the honey--uncon

especting this great light. Mr. Dallas has proounced the dome to be firm enough to spetain th tructure! So says the Providence Transcript.

Mr. Stewart, who has come out in the Dorset Md., District for Congress, admits that it is a Whig District, and says that if he is elected, he will carry out the views of the Whigs upon all questions public policy. So that it amounts to this-Mr. Stewart, having been defeated in getting the candidacy o turned Whig and asks the Whigs to send him Congress. They will think of thut.

The Secretary of War has written to Mr. Henry Green, of Vicksburg, that, 'it cannot now be when additional volunteers will be needed from Mississippi.' Mr. Green wanted to go to the wars. It will not be long, we take it, before Mr. Marcy's eyes graph ;

perature of this month so far has been unusually low

o Great Britain that, at the end of ninety days, the hat of England to carry the Canada mails through the United States shall come to an end.

A mother has been found in Liverpool who w the habit of hiring out her child to beggars, and to make it a desirable object of hire, she kept it near by starved all the while. 'Man's inhumanity to

There is a law of Mary land forbidding negroe on-pain of ten or twenty years imprisonment entiary. John C. Pulley, a negro man, was y arrested in Baltimore for a violation of this aw and held to bail.

A fatal murrain has broken out among th attle of South Gardner, Mass. Mr. Luther Gates in attending upon them contracted the disease and

parried man to his neglectful wife. I shall turn over a number of them,"

sking up the last novel, and brandishing an ivory BROKEN CHINA .-- An old lady, reading that

the British and French had been breaking up China, has sent us the following : "To mend broken China, you must put the pieces together carefully, tie them up with a string, and boil them in water strongly infused with flaxseed."

Experiments show apples to be equal to po atoes to improve hogs, and decidedly prefera ble for feeding cattle.

Solomon Etting of Baltimore is dead.

[Translated for the Churleston Mercury.] The Artesian Well of Grenelle. By M. Rey, Member of the Royal Society of An.

CHAPTER IX. Manipulation of the Rods-probable of the Grenelle Well.

Independently of the slowness which appear Independently of the slowness which appar tains to the continuous execution of wells bored to a great depth, the repairing of unexpected accidents, and the inevitable encountering of certain hard strata, there are others incident to the process itself. We have seen that the bor-ing rod is a bar of iron about twenty five feet long, that it can be indefinitely elongated by the admission of similar rods, which are either acrewed or riveted at their adjoining extremes

When the operation of boring is commenced, the rod to which the augur, pick or chisel is adapted is then twenty five long, without the borer. It hangs in the orifice of the well from a crane, which elevates or depresses it; at its superior extremety are attached horizontal angles for rotation, and the whole is suspended by a rope, through the medium of a ring on which the rod bears, and arranged in such a manner that rotation can be impressed upon the rod by means of the handles, and the rope not participate in the act of rotation.

the rod by means of the handles, and the rope not participate in the act of rotation.

When the recipient of the auger is filled with detached earth, the whole apparatus is drawn up quickly by the crane, and the contents emptied. When, after repeating this operation several times the rod becomes too short, on account of the increased depth of the well, it becomes necessary to increase its length by screwing on or riveting another rod of twenty five feet, so that after this every time that the apparatus is to be drawn up and empied, fifty feet of rod ere to be elevated, and a joint to be unscrewed or unriveted, and in its descent the same joint to be again screwed or riveted, it will be reais to be again screwed or riveted, it will be dily understood that the decent and elevation of the two rods have consumed more time than the single one would have done; and so on as the well is deepened, a third, a fourth, and a fifth rod is added, and it is always in stopping fifth rod is added, and it is always in stopping to screw and unscrew, one by one, the several bars that compose the whole rod, that the crane is successfully in action and at rest. This management is regulated by the boring and cleansing, by the tubing and re-adjusting; hence it is incessant. Practised in a well one hundred and seventy feet deep, such as that at Grenelle, and with all the difficulties increasing as the apparatus is elongated, is it to be wondered at that time is consumed in a deep excavation? M. de Humboldt speaks of a well bored in Pennsylvania already two thousand feet deep. Pennsylvania already two thousand feet deep and it is contemplated to sink it to six thousan and five hundred. It will finish, then, by having two hundred and fifty rods to screw and unscrew an incalculable number of times. Let only the fourth of the accidents which occurred at Grenelle happen at this, how much time

will be required to remedy the difficulties and finish the work?

It must be observed, that at Grenelle, when M. Mulot used a very high crane, he was enabled to work at great depths, by dividing his rods into lengths of two bars, say fifty feet.—

Some engineers call a manipulation the desas chaplaius. Now here is a question of veracity, which is not to be dodged. It must be met; and that, too, plumply. What will the President do? He is charged by a minister of the Gospel with having said thus and so. This brought up an empty auger. If the Pennsyling and manipulation will be found to the charged by a minister of the c brought up an empty auger. If the Pennsy vania well is finished, each manipulation w require several days. The deeper the well, the stouter should be the rods. When the well at Grenelle was finished, the sum total of the weight of rods was sixty eight thousand and two hundred pounds. What will it be in Penn-

sylvania?
The greatest quantity of water ever obt by boring, and from the greates, depth, is that furnished by the Grenelle well, which, at the summit of a jet of 117 feet, moves with a velocity of sixty inches in the minute. This immense quantity discharged, creates in the minds of some the apprehension that in the course of time it will be enfeebled. But we have a guartime it will be enfeebled. But we have a guarantee to the contrary in the well of Elbif, which is supplied by the same sheet of water, and although bored many years ago, yields always the same quantity of water. We also have the assurance of the wells of Arteis, which are much older. M. Lamartine cites the three wells bored by Solomon in the plain of Tyre, which now discharge the same quantity that they did when first constructed, and are still the principal sources of the supply of water to this ancient and celebrated city. We can cite others, in other places, still more ancient, which furnish undiminished quantities. The rain being, as we have seen, the only sources of Aring, as we have seen, the only sources of Ar-tesian jets, we have the certitude that they will never crase their action so long as it shall rain, and so long as rain continues to form rivers, which pass over the porous, sandy, and calci

General Taylor to the Whigs of Nottingham In May last the Whigs of Nottingham Distric e George's County, Maryland, met i Convention and nominated General Taylor for the Presidency. The old Hero replies on the 6th of July to Wm. Hall or Aquasco, the Sec retary of the Convention. After thanking then for their good opinion the General refers to hi nomination in the following admirable para

graph;
"It the people of the nation should so great
ly honor me with elevation to the Chie
Magistracy, I shall, by zealous endeavors and
to the best of my ability, strive to serve them. to the best of my ability, strive to serve them, and maintain the best and highest interests of the whole country; yet, though I feel impelled to yield to the call of the people at large, I should hail with pleasure their determination to confer so great a gift on some eminent states.

art, were arrested yesterday at the Depot by Capt Goddard on a charge of purloining a watch from J C. Clarke, of Alexandria, at Beltsuille. They have mitted to await the requisition of Govern

Floating of the Great Britain.-It appear from the latest accounts, that, by the machine ry constructed by Mr. Bremmer, the Great Britain actually floated, with an hour and a half's tide to spare, and rose two feet from the sand, in which the keel was at first embedded to the depth of nine feet.

"THE POOR MAKE NO NEW FRIENDS!" The following is but the history of many poor sorrowing heart that throbs with its own suffering, and sinks unnoticed, but not un known, to its own little hallowed circle in the

"DRUMOVANE. (Parish of Morah.)
"Cork county, April 13, 1847.
"Dear Charles: I have sent my daughter
Norry to America, though I had more than
enough to do to make up as much as defray
her expenses to Quebec, I could not send any
more of my family, as the times have brought
us down so low that we are hardly able to
exist. There is plague and famine in Ireland.
We would all leave our wretched country for
America, if we could. I hope you will send
for Norry when she sends you this letter. I
have writted to ______ for assistance, and
hope that you will not let us starve here."

Poor Norry! she reached America but to " DRUMOVANE. (Parish of Morah,)

die! The above letter was found upon her person at the Albany Alms House, after she was dead. She was taken ill with the shir fever, and lingered but a few days afterward

Nonsulting a CREDITOR.—There was a cer-Nonsurring a Cardinga.—There was a certain lawyer on the Cape a long time ago, the only one in those "diggins" then, and for aught I know, at present. He was a man well to do in the world, and what was some what surprising in a limb of the law, averse to encouraging litigation. One day a chent came to him in a violent rage.—"Look a-here, 'squire," said he, "that 'ere blasted shoemaker down to Pigeon Cove, has gone and sued me for the money for a pair of hoots I owed him."
"Did the boots suit you?" "Oh, yes! Pregot 'em on; fust rate boots." "Fair price?" "Oh! yes." "Then you owe him the money honestly." "'Course." "Well, why don't "Oh! yes." "Then you owe him the money honestly." "Course." "Well, why don't you pay him?" "Why, 'cause the blasted suob went and sued me, and I want to keep him out of the money, it I win." "It will cost you something." "I don't keen a cuss for that: how much appear do you want to begin with?" how much money do you want to begin with?
"Oh! ten dollars will do." "Is that all? Well
here's an X, so go ahead." and the client wen

here's an X, so go ahead;" and the cheat web out very well satisfied with the beginning.

Our lawyer next called on the shoemaker and asked him what he meant by commencing legal proceedings against M——? "Why, said he, "I kept on sendin' to him for mone till I got tired. I know'd he was able to pay and were 'removed to make him; that's the and of a ring on ranged in such a impressed upon less, and the rope intation.

In order that it is a large to the contents emphis operation seven hort, on account well, it becomes a by screwing on enty five feet, so the apparatus is fifty feet of rod to be unscrewed to the same joint of the same joi

"Who is that lovely girl?" exclaimed the waggish Lord Norbury, riding in company

with his friend.

"Miss Glass," replied the barrister,

"Glass!" reiterated the facetious judge,

by the love which man bears to woman, I
should be often intoxicated could I place such a glass to my lips."

A new Post Office has been establish Good Hope, near the dividing line of the District of Columbia and Prince George's county, and Mr. Judson Richardson appointed Post- lic taste. Aug 4 tf

Col. Baker late of the Illinois voluntee

New York, August 6. Sales of flour to-day 10,000 bbls at 5 87 to \$6. Wheat 120. Corn 67 to
Gadaby's Hotel, Corner Pennsylvania Avenue and
july 31 tf 70. Rye 80 to 84. Indian meal \$2 62 to \$3 50

vernment Securities have gone down. U. S. 6's 1867-106. Treasury 6's 1051. Nothing done to-day in Flour owing to the rain. New Flour \$5,75; City Mills do \$6. Rye Flour \$4,06. Corn Meal \$2,75. Corn 64 to 66. No change in the Bacon Market. Live Hogs \$6,50 to \$6,75 nett. Beeves on hoof, \$2,50 to \$4 per 100 lbs. New Cheese sales at 81 to 9. Sperm Candles 31 to 32, sales, and of Mould at 121, Dipped 103 to 11. Sales of Rio Coffee at 7; a 73. Anthracite Coal \$5,75 to \$6. Feather 28 to 31. Hay \$18 per ton. Hides-n change-importation of 8610 from Rio Grande, and 500 Ox from Pernam. Hops 94 to 10. Steady demand for Iron at \$30 to \$32. Balt. Nails 44. Importations of 61 hhds. of Molas ses from Porto Rico-no change in price. Rico \$5,37 to \$5,50. Sugar \$6,00 to \$6,60-very very little N. Q. in market.

JULY REPORT.—The Mutual Ber efit Life Insurance Company (office No. 1 Wall street, New York) issued during the month of

uly, 1847, 149 ne	w Police	ier, viz:
To Merch's & Trad	ers 60	Ladies
Clerks,	18	Agents,
Manufacturers	9	Farmers
Mechanics	16	Sea Capt .
Physicians	3 E	ngineer
Clergymen	2	Students
Lawyers	8	Other Occupations
	122	Const. (41s. tri) Fig.
	1000	

New policies issued in June, ROB. L. PATTERSON, President. BENJ. C. MILLER, Secretary.

J. C. Lewis, Agent, 7th st., Wash

STAPLE DRY GOODS. HE SUBSCRIBERS offer for sale on li THE SUBSURIBERS offer for sale on liberal terms a most extensive assortment of Staple Dry Goods suitable for steamboats, hotels and private families to which the attention of purchasers is respectfully solicited—most of the goods have been manufactured to order and are warranted to be in every respect as represented. The following can be recommended with confidence, special pains having been taken in their selections, viz:

Limen Sheeting from 4-4 to 12-4 wide of superior fabric and bleach.

Berth and Cradle Blankets; also 9-4, 10-4, 11-4, 12-4 do, extra fine.

sizes and qualities.

Pillow Linen—4-4 and 6-4, with immedia

widths,
Damask Table Cloths and Napkins from love

Damask Table Cloths and Napkins from low priced to costly—style and quality of Napkins to match the Cloths.

Damask Table Linen, from 6-4 to 10-4, extra finish and extra stout.

Towelling in every variety—Huck, Diaper, &c.
Plain and plaid Glass Towelling
4-4 Damask Towels, rich figures, full size
English printed Baizes, Stair Baizes, Stair Linen
Linen flour covering, worsted and cotton and lembossed cloth Table Covers, English and French
Chintzes, bro. Hollands, French Linen Drapery
Muslins, Muslin Curtains, white and brown Linen
ard Buff Holland for window shades, French painted
Shades.

Shades,
The above goods together with the largest and
best selected stock of materials for Curtains and Furniture Covering to be found in this country are
offered wholesale and retail at prices worthy the notice

PATON & CO., 23 John street, N. Y.

PAINT AND OIL STORE,

300 kegs pure White Lead 100 gale. Linneed Oil

THE WA-HINGTON CITY CIRCULAT Musical Library is subscribers shall have been obtained to justify the carrying the same into effect. It has been approve by many, as it will afford an opportunity to the kind of a same of availing themselves of what must

EXCURSION.

SONS OF TEMPERANCE. THE safe and commodious Steam
COLUMBIA has been chartered

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS: John Harry, George Collard, E. Burnett, S. Sothoron, A. F. Cunningham, aug 4—WS&M.

WAVERLY HOUSE.

WAVERLY HOUSE.

THE Subscriber would inform his friends and the public generally, that he has opened a RESTJURANT and HOTEL, of the above name, on Sixth street, a few doors south of Pennsylvania Avenue, where he will be happy to entertain them in a manner that he hopes will be satisfactory. His BAR will be fu nished with liquors of the beat and most approved brands, and the Eating Department will always contain every delicacy in season. He hopes to receive a portion of the patrenage of his friends, while he endeavors to cater for the public taste.

Aug 4 tf

SCHOOL BOOKS, in great variety, for sale b ROBERT FARNHAM, jy 31 if. Corner of 11th st. and Peon Avenu WILLIAM WASHINGTON, Fashionab

A. M. HOFFAR,

Philadelphia, August 6. Market for groceries to day active. Sales of 3000 bags of Rio and Maracaibo coffee at 7 to 72—of Cuba Molasces at 22 to 26—of 150 hhds of Muscavado sugar at 62 to 7. Provisions falling—Government 62 1867 fell to 106, owing to the war news. Flour \$5. 87 to \$6. Wheat 126 to 130.

Baltimorr, August 6.—Stocks heavy to day, in consequence of the War News. Goden, and instance of the sale of the surpassed for beauty or durability, and having very great facilities for such work, it will be done much lower than ever done in this city.

attention of children's teeth, to regulate their proper positions, for which there will be no charge for ad-vice, but only for actual operation.

McCUBBIN, Barber, Temple of Fashi
No. 1, aided by that superior workm
Felix Dean, 8th st., between Pennsylvania averand D street.

CHEAT AND GROW RICH.

THIS has been the the secret principle of too me THIS has been the the secret principle of too many of the wholesale dealers in Teas up to this time, and they have practised the most anameful imposition on the Country Merchant without any fear of detection. But a new era in the Tea Trade has come and the Pekin Tea Company claims the honor of its introduction. They were the first to raise the banner of Reform, on which it has interibed the simple words:

Ist. We were the first to send them Tess that used to be called too good for them before.

2d. We have driven out the market a vast amount of trash, and introduced a better class of Tess than has ever yet been sold. Importers of Tes often come to us to get for their own use, and for their friends, fine qualities they can find nowhere else.

3d. We have reduced prices more than 25 per cent, both in Black and Green Tess. The wholesale grocers say we are ruining the trade and call us humbugs. This we have done already, and now

see what we are ready to do.

1st. We will sell Teas by the single chest, half chest or 14 pound box, at the same prices that whole-sale grocers pay to the importers when they buy by the hundred pachages.

We deserve the thanks of the country merchants for saving them hereafter from being cheated. Let them come to the Warehouse of the Pekin Tea Company, and compare samples of Tea they get elsewhere; and if they buy bad Teas then at high prices of those who have tried is.

could make more money by sending bad Teas to the New York market, than on good Teas. We are resolved to overthrow this fraud; and now call upon agents in every town in the United States to come

CATALOGUE OF TEAS

PEKIN COMPANY

75 & 77 Fulton street, New York.

The Tess mentioned in this Catalogue, as me up in quarter pound, half pound and one poun chages—the first or inside wrapper is lead, the puckages—the first or inside wrapper is lead, second wrapper is water proof paper, and the or outside wrapper is of Conness rice paper. Company sell none but good teas, done up in

lots as presents to In
HYSON, very fine,
do Plantation g
GUNPOWDER, good HYSON SKIN, good, fine flavor, do do extra fine. POUCHONG, do do souchong,

OOLONG, s versal satisfaction.
do very fine,
do in one pound and half p
cattys, extra fine,
NE PLUS ULTRA,

RECOMMENDATIONS.

We have tried the tess imported by it Tes Company, 75 and 77 Folton street, N and if we live will try them often. They ing the most delicious tess we ever drank

The Pekin Tea Company, 75 and 77 Fulton st., are performing a great and good work, and will, in a few years, beyond all doubt, drive all the poor teas which have deluged this country, and defrauded consupers of the article, out of this market. They import none but pure fragrant teas, and retail them by the single pound at wholesale prices. Families are always sure of obtaining good teas at this great warehouse, in quantities to sait their convenience, and at the same price that the merchant pays who buys to sell again.—Daily True Sun.

come and the Pekin Tea Company claims the honor of its introduction. They were the first to raise the banner of Reform, on which it has inscribed the simple words:

"PURE TEAS AT HONEST PRICES."

A complete revolution has been the consequence. Let consumers of Tea everywhere look at what we have done.

1st. We were the first to send them Tess that used to be called too good for them before.

2d. We have driven out the market a vast amount of trash, and introduced a better class of Teas than has ever yet been sold. Importers of Tea often come

THE PERIN TEA COMPANY.-We very ch the hundred pachages.

2d. The wholesale grocers allow only 13 or at most 14 pounds tere to the half chest. This is a cheat. We allow, in most instances, 15 and 16 lbs fare on the same.

3d. We hereby undertake to sell every kind of Tea, from from six to twelve cents per pound cheaper than the wholesale grocers do.

How can we do this? asks the country merchant. This is our maswer. We are content with seven per cent profit instead of 25 and 50 per cent., a la wholesale grocer.

We deserve the thanks of the

Tea,-The Pekin Tea Compar

We drink Green Tea, and for een paying one dollar per po been paying one dollar per pound for it. But thanks to the Pekin Tea Company, we now get a better tea from them at 75 cents per pound. We

The Locolocos cannot be so rich in candi nation of every good man.

Poor Norry! she reached America but to

and she was buried among strangers in a O. WHITTLESEY,

GREEN TEAS

COLUMBIA has been chartered by the Grand Division of the District of Columbia, and will leave Georgetown at 8 o'clock, Bradley's wharf (Washington) at 9, the Navy Yard at 10, and Alexandria about 11 o'clock A. M., on Turspart, the 10th of August instant, returning at a seasonable hour in the evening.

The Temperance public may depend on the arrangements being such as best to promote the comfort, health, and pleasure of the company, and they may choose between a Cotillon party, a Pionic party, or a Fishing party. The Pionic party will be landed at Pye's Landing.

The Sons and Daughters will wear their regalia, and start from Temperance Hall, on Estreet, (the Daughters in carriages,) at 81 o'clock precisely. Tickets admitting a gentleman and two ladies, \$1—to be had of either of the following

holesale grocer. We deserve the thanks of the country merchants

it is their own fault.

An English importer lately boasted to us that he

months they do not sell more Tea than the oldest and lagest dealers in the town, we will give them our Tea without charge. This is plain English and cannot be misunder-tood. We appeal for testimony to the immense success of our Agents in any part of the United States.

31.37 Agents wanted in every town in the United States for the sale of these Teas, by which they can make money, and confer a benefit upon the Public by su; plying the pure article.

YOUNG HYSON, good,

new music, comprising opera music, songs, duets, waitzes, &c.

For terms, apply at my Music and Stationery Store, where the Library will be established.

Penn. avenue between 11th and 12th sts.

august 5—osw4w

Ne Plus Ultra.—This Tea is as fi as a nosegny. It yields a perfi delightful. It is of garden grow to anything of the kind ever sold ENGLISH BREAKFAST TEA, HOWQUA'S MIXTURE, a strong black Tea, Pekoe flavor, CONGO, good, do very fine, PEKOE FLOWERS, good,

do do garden growth,

"a" Besides the above, we expect
China, several splendid chops of Tea,
imported by the "PEKIN TEA CO."
we intend to copyright to prevent tricker
agents get ready.

this place, and if they

him and vilify him.